

SIDNEY AND ISLANDS REVIEW

Vol. 7. No. 26

SIDNEY, B. C., THURSDAY, MAY 22 1916

Subscription \$1.00 Per Year In Advance

V. & S. PARK IS NOW AN IDEAL PICNIC GROUND

MUCH ATTENTION GIVEN TO IT ON FRIDAY AFTERNOON BY GANG OF MEN.

On Friday afternoon last a number of members of the Board of Trade, assisted by Section-foreman Thomson of the V. & S. Railway, and his gang of men, met by appointment at the park just behind the station and proceeded to make it look respectable. It was by no means a small job, as the heavy snowstorms of last winter had brought down tons of small limbs and branches from the tops of the giant firs that stand like sentinels, and in fact are one of the landmarks of Sidney, in the southern portion of the park or just south of where the old spur formerly ran down to the wharf. This portion of the park comprises somewhere in the neighborhood of three acres and the ground was fairly carpeted with the amount of stuff that had fallen from the trees. However, nothing daunted, the men set to work with a will and in a short time several big fires were burning freely and were constantly being fed by those gathering up the litter. Fortunately there was no undergrowth of any kind in this part of the park and with the number of men working it only required about three hours to clean it up perfectly.

Meanwhile another gang were busy directly back of the station cleaning out the underbrush from between the trees there. As it was chopped down by some of the men others gathered it up and dragged it to the big fire started in the hollow made by the old spur. As soon as the gang had finished on the south side they came over to help the operations here and before five o'clock had arrived it was very gratifying to see the splendid progress that had been made during the afternoon. It is now possible to stand at the station and catch a glimpse of the sea through the cleaned out bush. This particular piece of underbrush has been an eyesore to many residents of Sidney for years past as they always felt that it could be made into one of the most delightful spots in Sidney, but never before did it seem possible to get an organized movement started to clean it up.

Another half days' work, of say six or eight men, and it is now quite certain it can be arranged, would give Sidney one of the most beautiful picnic grounds to be found anywhere on Vancouver Island, and if properly brought to the attention of the people of Victoria would no doubt prove a strong drawing card for this class of entertainment during the coming summer.

A cordial invitation is extended the people of this vicinity to visit the park and see for themselves what can be accomplished by a properly organized movement of this nature such as the committee of the Board of Trade are responsible for making last week, and in extending their thanks to this live and energetic organization the fact should not be overlooked that

through the kindness of Mr. Van Sant, manager of the V. & S. Railway, the members of the board were very materially assisted in their task by Foreman Thomson and his gang of section men.

A WHITE BEAVER.

Col. D. C. McKenzie, commanding the One Hundred and Forty-first Battalion, which is recruiting at Fort Francis, Ont., has bought an Albino (white) beaver for presentation to King George V., on behalf of his regiment. The Albino beaver is described as a freak of nature, and is said to be the only one on the American continent. That may be true of the present time, but Albino beavers, although rare, are not altogether unknown. White beavers have been occasionally reported by the Hudson's Bay Company in the course of their long history as trappers. Examples of white martens, mink and muskrats have even been known.

However that may be, Colonel McKenzie has secured a rare and valuable gift "fit for a king." The white beaver which is to go to King George was purchased from Mr. Fred Rogers, of Fort Francis. It is said he paid \$200 for the unique animal.

BALFOUR THINKS ENEMY HAS MADE HIS LAST NAVAL RAID

London, May 10.—A. J. Balfour, first lord of the admiralty, in a letter anent the German raids on East and South coast towns, foreshadows certain changes in the disposition of Great Britain's naval forces which are likely to prevent in the future German raiding squadrons from escaping severe punishment.

Mr. Balfour says that the net results of such past attacks on unfortified towns are "singularly futile." He expressed the opinion that the Germans have made their last raid, because "having duped the Irish rebels to their destruction by the promise of a serious attack on Great Britain, they made a show of fulfilling their engagement by bombarding Lowestoft and Yarmouth for thirty minutes."

He adds: "It is not an experiment, so far as I can judge, they would be well advised to repeat. This would be true even if the distribution of our naval forces on the east coast was undergoing no alteration. In the earlier stages of the war considerations of strategy required us to keep our battle-fleet in northern waters. Thus situated, they could concentrate effectively against any prolonged operation, such as those involved in an attempt at invasion, but not against brief dashes made under cover of night. But with progress of the war, our marine position improved. The submarine portion of the grand fleet is now available in growing numbers for coast defence and—which is even more important—the increase in strength of the Grand Fleet itself will enable us to bring important forces to the south without impairing our naval preponderance elsewhere.

It would, of course, be impolitic, says the first lord, to go into details but he adds that the reasons he has given sufficiently justify his contention that "another raid on the coast of Norfolk—never a safe operation—will henceforth be far more perilous to the aggressor than it has been in the past, and, if our enemy is wise, is therefore less likely.

CELEBRATION ON EMPIRE DAY A BIG SUCCESS

ENTERTAINMENT PROVIDED BY I. O. D. E. MEETS WITH APPROVAL.

Ideal weather conditions prevailed in Sidney yesterday, when Empire Day was celebrated in right royal style by the people of the district, and particularly the children, who were present in large numbers and entered very enthusiastically into the various sports prepared for them on the lengthy programme. The day was warm and bright, and the large crowd that assembled on the open field one block south of Beacon avenue on Third street thoroughly enjoyed the outing, although there was no shade of any kind to protect them from the sun which during the greater part of the afternoon remained discretely behind the light fleecy clouds that floated above.

The programme for the afternoon was opened by a grand parade of the school children of the district, headed by the Boy Scouts and Girl Guides, under the able direction of Scout Master A. R. Gibson and Guide Mistress Mrs. Gibson. The procession, in which well over one hundred children took part, was organized at the High School on Third street and marched to the grounds by way of Beacon avenue and Second street and was witnessed by quite a large crowd of spectators that lined the sidewalk on the way.

On arriving at the entrance to the grounds the procession marched to a very beautifully designed rustic three pannel arch erected there by the ladies of the Allies Chapter, North Saanich, I. O. D. E., under whose auspices the celebration of Empire Day has been held both last year and this. Straight across the grounds the procession marched and lined up just north of the Alpine Club offices, where they were greeted by Dr. Stewart Tidey, who in a masterly address on the subject of Empire building and the part the boys and girls of to-day who would be the men and women of to-morrow, would have to take in it. His advice to the children and even the grownup members of his audience was particularly good and no doubt made a lasting impression on the minds of many.

On the conclusion of Dr. Tidey's address the children joined in the singing of several patriotic selections, ending up with the National Anthem, after which they were dismissed from the lines and were at liberty to partake of the free buns and lemonade provided for them as well as to enter the various sports.

The sports committee, composed of Rev. A. R. Gibson, starter; Mr. P. N. Tester, announcer; and Messrs. A. E. Moore, J. Nicol and W. D. Byers, as judges, now took charge of this part of the afternoon's entertainment and the following events were run off without a hitch of any kind and with considerable enthusiasm by those par-

ticipating. The winners, first and second, were:

Girls race, 6 years and under—Helen Beagle, Florence Hambley.
Boys race, 6 years and under—Melville Clanton, Eddie Clay.

Girls race, 8 years and under—Ruby Lophthien, Verna Clanton.

Boys race, 8 years and under—John Lophthien, John Billings.

Girls sack race—Kathleen Brethour, May Lophthien.

Boys sack race—Tom Coward, Andy Bowman.

Girls 50 yard race, 10 years and under—Dorothy Smith, Phyllis Parks.

Boys 50 yard race, 10 years and under—Archie North, Carl Bra'bury.

Obstacle race—W. Coward, Philip Seglearba.

Girls 50 yard race, 12 years and under—May Lophthien, Edna Parks.

Boys 50 yard race, 12 years and under—Bobbie Robertson, Tom Coward.

Boys 100 yard race, 14 years and under—Edna Parks, May Lophthien.

Boys 100 yard race, 14 years and under—Norman Lott, Walter Simpson.

Girls 100 yard race, 16 years and under—May Lophthien, Edna Parks.

Boys 100 yard race, 16 years and under—John Munt, Jeffrey Simpson.

Running high jump—B. Mathews, W. Anderson. 3 feet 11 inches.

Standing broad jump—John Munt, 7 feet, 9 1/2 inches; Cecil Lott, 7 feet, 7 1/2 inches.

Relay race—three teams entered, 3 boys to the team. Bobbie Robertson, J. Simpson and Philip Seglearba were the members of the winning team.

Girls bicycle race—Edna Parks, Margaret Cochran.

Boys bicycle race—J. Simpson, Cecil Lott.

On the judges announcing the finish of the various events, a long rope was procured and all the girls and boys of the district took part in a grand old fashioned tug-of-war, the girls on one side and the boys on the other. It is regrettable to relate that

(Continued on page four.)

WOULD LIKE TO SEE LARGE CROWD OUT MONDAY NEXT

To the Editor Sidney Review.

Dear Sir,—In your last issue I noticed that Mr. J. W. Bengough was to give a letter in Sidney on Monday evening next. It has occurred to me that many of your readers might not realize what an opportunity for a rare treat this gives them.

It is, I should not like to say, just how many years since I heard Mr. Bengough lecture, but it certainly was before the founding of Sidney. For years Mr. Bengough was the editor and publisher of "Grip," the Canadian Punch. He may be so yet for all I know, but I do not remember having heard of the paper for a decade or more.

The subject of the lecture is "Prohibition," of which Mr. Bengough has been an advocate for many years. From the lecturer we are sure to have an interesting and racy treatment of the subject. Long ago Mr. Bengough was considered the most skilled cartoonist in Canada, and I have never heard that he has been superseded.

Hoping that he may be greeted by a good assembly, I am, yours faithfully,

THOMAS C. DES BARRES

Sidney, B. C., May 25, 1916.

FALL FAIRS IN THE PROVINCE

DATES HAVE BEEN ARRANGED BY THE DEPARTMENT AT VICTORIA.

The dates for the fall fairs throughout British Columbia as arranged by the Department of Agriculture at Victoria are as follows:

CIRCUIT 1.

Nanose (Parksville)	Sept. 7
Lasqueti	Sept. 9
Alberni	Sept. 13
Comox	Sept. 15, 16
Cobble Hill	Sept. 19
Cowichan	Sept. 20, 21
Islands	Sept. 22, 23
Ladysmith	Sept. 26
North and South Saanich	Sept. 27, 28
Sooke	Sept. 29

CIRCUIT 2.

Vancouver	Aug. 14 to 19
North Vancouver	Sept. 15, 16
Coquitlam	Sept. 19
Agassiz	Sept. 20
Central Park	Sept. 21, 22
Mission	Sept. 22
Maple Ridge	Sept. 23

CIRCUIT 3.

Chilliwack	Sept. 13, 15
Aldergrove	Sept. 15
Matsqui	Sept. 16
Langley	Sept. 19
Richmond	Sept. 20
Burquitlam	Sept. 21
Abbotsford, Surrey and Delta, Sept. 22 and 23, (if held.)	

CIRCUIT 4.

Enderby	Aug. (if held)
Barriere	Sept. 13
Heffley Creek	Sept. 14, 15
Pritchard	Sept. 19
Kamloops	Sept. 20-22
Salmon Arm	Sept. 22, 23
Kelowna	Sept. 26, 27
Armstrong	Sept. 28, 29
Eagle River (Malakwa)	Oct. 3

CIRCUIT 5.

Gateway F., Inst	Sept. 5
Cranbrook	Sept. 6, 7
Wasa	Sept. 9
Elk Valley (Natal)	Sept. 9
Windermere (Invermere)	Sept. 12, 13
Golden	Sept. 15
Fruitvale	Sept. 18
Trail	Sept. 19, 20
Nelson	Sept. 20-22
Boswell (F. G. A.)	Sept. 23
Grand Forks	Sept. 25, 26
Greenwood	Sept. 27

CIRCUIT 6.

Arrow Park F. Inst.	Sept. (if held)
Revelstoke	Sept. 21, 22
Robson	Sept. 25
Slocan Valley	Sept. 26
Slocan Lake	Sept. 27, 28
Burton	Sept. 30
Needles	Oct. 3, 4
Arrow Lake	Oct. 4, 5
Creston	Oct. 7

CIRCUIT 7.

Nicola	Oct. 6
Penticton	Oct. 9, 10
Summerland	Oct. 11, 12
Kalamalka	Oct. 14

CIRCUIT 8.

Northern B. C. (Prince Rupert)	Sept. 20-23
Fort George, Bulkley Valley, Bella Coola, Cariboo, Graham Island	
East Coast F. Inst., dates for these have not been settled.	

SIDNEY AND ISLANDS REVIEW

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A. E. MOORE, Manager.

CANADA'S NEED FOR THRIFT.

These may be abnormal times and thus suggest extra cause for thrift. A return to what in comparison may be termed a normal period, however, seems to prove that there was then nearly as much reason for the same policy. In the report of the commission on the cost of living in Canada it is shown that the prices of food in this country rose from 100 in 1900 to 145 in 1913, and of food and coal combined from 100 to 139.6. In the United Kingdom the rise in the same period was from 100 to 113.8 for food and from 100 to 109.2 for coal. This being on the whole a colder climate and coal not being so accessible, it would hardly be expected that the combined increase would be proportionately less for the single necessity, food, yet it seems to be the case. The one deduction appears possible, that greater thrift, comparatively speaking, is exercised in the use of fuel than in the consumption of food.

Why should the increase of the cost of food in Canada have been greater in the fourteen years than in Britain? That is a question worthy of answer and of thought. We are not only self contained in most articles of food but in the more common run have a surplus for export. Britain, on the other hand, is an importer of at least fourteen of the sixteen articles reckoned with in the computation, namely, beef, mutton, pork, bacon, eggs, butter, cheese, flour, oatmeal, rice, sugar, coffee, potatoes and tea, the exception being bread and milk. In our case the only exceptions to home production of articles of consumption, that at least there is real cause for being, are rice, sugar, coffee and tea. Again is asked—why, then, the increased difference in our disfavour of the relative cost of living?

There can be but one answer to the query here propounded—that we are less thrifty, more self-indulgent and more wasteful than our close relations of the British Isles. In addition the investigations of the Cost of Living Commission would seem to indicate that Canada is rapidly becoming the most expensive place to live in of all the affiliated countries of the empire. In such circumstances it is apparent that it is up to our people to go in for introspection and to consider in what way the situation can be remedied and improved. We have not the large poverty stricken class to lessen the percentage that Great Britain unfortunately possesses, but home production and home industry should outweigh that possible reason for some of the difference. There are and must be other causes for the difference, and these here set forth appear to be the main ones. If every Canadian would consider that every dollar every cent, saved and judiciously invested, and that every ounce of food produced, meant so much added to the country's capital and wealth, it is not difficult to believe that there would soon be a decrease in the proportional increase of the cost of the necessities of life along with a speedy diminution in household expenses.

PRODUCTION TO CAPACITY

Is the farmer justified in believing that the firm tone of the horse market and the present high prices for live stock rest upon a secure foundation? May he look forward with any confidence to the next season's or next year's market? Should he prepare, as against an advertised shortage and high prices for all classes of

farm animals, by breeding a larger number of mares or of cows, sheep, hogs and poultry? We are confident that the farmer has never been in a more secure position than the present as regards the extension of his breeding operations, but, to enable him to form more easily his own conclusions the following facts are submitted:

Since the outbreak of the war the British Remount Commission has purchased in Canada 15,000 horses. 8,000 have been bought by French contractors and 25,000 by the Canadian Department of Militia. The Department of Militia is now engaged in buying an additional 1,000 head. The British Remount Commission has purchased over 700 since March and is buying daily in Montreal. French contractors are anxious to obtain supplies and are arranging to buy all that are available both in the East and in the West. It is understood that, as a result of the purchases already made, army buyers are finding it increasingly difficult, both in the United States and in Canada, to readily secure the number of horses which they require, particularly of the type suitable for heavy cavalry or heavy artillery.

In addition to the purchases for army account, commercial activity from two distinct quarters has exerted a very evident influence upon the Canadian horse market during the past three or four months. Since the beginning of the year 6,000 horses reached the Winnipeg stock yards from Eastern Canada, and 5,917 were shipped from the same yards westward, mostly to Saskatchewan. During the months of January, February and March, 1,805 horses were exported to the United States. A few hundred more went forward to the same market in April. The horses exported were good farm chunks weighing from 1,300 to 1,500 pounds. As high as \$500 a pair was paid for animals possessing extra qualities and conformation. This new movement in the horse market is having its effect upon prices all over Canada.

Buyers report that the better class of drafters and farm chunks are getting scarce and hard to buy. The same holds true of good roadsters and saddlers. The noticeable scarcity of good horses of these descriptions illustrates the fact that demand has already overtaken supply and makes it very evident that all the really good sound mares in the country should be bred this year. It cannot be too strongly emphasized, however, that they should be mated only with strictly high class sires. The number of horses rejected by army buyers clearly indicates that there is no place for the unsound horses or the misfits. Such animals have been, are now and always will be a drag on the market. Breed to the best if you would have the best. Unsound mares or malformed mares are just as bad as unsound stallions. It is easier to raise a good animal than a poor one. Manage the work this spring in order that the best mare may be regularly returned to the horse. Next year a good crop of sound, healthy colts will be as good as a bank account. Canada is likely to enter shortly the commercial export market and that market will require all you can produce.

VICTORIA'S ROLL OF HONOR.

Sir,—At the first general meeting of the newly formed Returned Soldiers' Association, held recently, the following motions were put to the meeting and carried unanimously.

1st. That at every meeting of the Association, before the transaction of any business whatsoever, the chairman shall call upon the members to rise, and stand for a moment in reverent silence to the memory of their comrades who have made the supreme sacrifice by giving their lives for the preservation of the freedom of the world.

It is our intention to make this resolution known throughout the world, in the hope that it may be adopted in all returned soldiers' organizations; so that the memory of those who can never return may be kept alive as long as there are any men left who have served or who will serve in this war.

This idea might well be carried further, and every family spare a few moments weekly in united thought and sympathy for the fallen and for those who are left to mourn their loss.

Let Victoria give a lead to the world by adopting this idea in its schools. It will help to foster a spirit of patriotism in the children that will have great results in the years to come.

2nd. That an immediate start be made to compile a Roll of Honor, to include the names of all the fallen men belonging to Victoria, or who have joined units raised in the city.

3rd. That when the war is finished and the roll is complete, the public be invited to subscribe towards the cost of a suitably engraved Roll of Honor to be hung in the club rooms. The subscription to be five cents each so that every person may participate in this memorial to our honored dead—who are not dead, for their names and memories will thus be kept alive more effectually, and with greater and more enduring love, than by any monuments of stone or bronze that may be erected.

Information respecting the name, rank, number, regiment, date of death etc., of any man whose name is entitled to be entered on the Roll of Honor, is requested, to be sent to the secretary.

H. W. HART,
Secy. Returned Soldiers' Assn.
1613 Douglas street, Victoria, B. C.
May 16, 1916.

THE CHURCH SERVICES

METHODIST CHURCHES.

Minister—Rev. J. Wesley Miller.
Wesley Church, Third Street, Sidney—
Sunday School and Bible Class 10 a.m.
Public Worship, 11.00 a.m.
Prayer Meeting, Tuesday, 8.00 p.m.
Epworth League, Wednesday, 8.00 p.m.
Choir Practice, Friday, 8.00 p.m.
North Saanich Church, East Road—
Sunday School at 2.30 p.m.
Public Worship at 7.00 p.m.
Prayer Meeting, Thursday, 8.00 p.m.
South Saanich Church, East Road—
Sunday School at 2.15 p.m.
Public Worship at 3.00 p.m.

PRESBYTERIAN SERVICES.

James Island—
Sunday School 10.15 a.m.
Public Worship at 3.00 p.m.
Saanich—
Public Worship, 11.00 a.m.
Sidney—
Sunday School at 2.30 p.m.
Bible Class at 2.30 p.m.
Public Worship at 7.00 p.m.
Weekly Meetings—
Communicants' Class, Wed., 8.00 p.m.
Teachers Training Class, Thurs., 7.30.
Sd. Literary Club, Thurs., 8.15 p.m.
Choir Practice, Friday, 8.00 p.m.
Boy Scouts, Friday, 8.00 p.m.
Girl Guides, Saturday, 3.00 p.m.

CATHOLIC CHURCHES

Church of Assumption, South-West Saanich—Mass every Sunday, 10 a.m.
Church of Elizabeth, Sidney—Mass 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Sunday 10 a.m.
Church of St. Paul, Fulford Harbor, Salt Spring Island—Mass every 4th Sunday.
The Catholic settlements on Pender and Mayne Island will regularly be attended to during the week following the second Sunday.
The priests in charge are the Rev. Fathers M. M. Ronden and W. Cortenraad. Address Rt. M. D., No 1, Turgoose P. O., Telephone Y 11.

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SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS.

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of \$1 an acre. No more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal subdivisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of \$5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of \$10.00 per acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY.

Deputy Minister of the Interior
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—
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XX SHINGLES 1.50
WOOD, PER LOAD 1.00
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For further information write the Sec-
retary Sidney Board of Trade.

CASEMENT IS IMPRISONED IN THE OLD HISTORICAL TOWER

There is nothing particularly an-
cient in the civilization of England to
anybody who indulges in the odious-
ness of comparison. Little enough is
known of the history of the country
before the day when Caesar first set
eyes on the white cliffs, the memory
of which Shakespeare was one day to
render imperishable. To Egypt with
her 7,000 years of history before
Christ the British Isles represent a
mere upstart. To Crete, with her
12,000 or 14,000 years of pre-Christ-
ian history even Egypt is a young
thing, and the empires of Nebuchad-
nezzar or Cyrus but things of yester-
day. Nevertheless, as old things go,
in England, the Tower of London is
one of them. It has been a fortress,
a palace or a prison, for centuries,
and it is there that to-day Sir Roger
Casement has been placed to await
his trial, like hundreds of far more
famous rebels in the past.

When almost 2,000 years ago the
Roman legions came tramping into
that London of wattled cabins and
mud ramparts, where the Britons,
gorgeous with wood-stained bodies,
dwelt, there was no tower of London.
There may have been some sort of an
inclosure, some rude fort built out of
earth and the trunks of trees, but all
that is speculative. Here, however,
apparently, the Romans did make
some sort of a castrum, and here in
due time they appear to have set up
their millenarium, or central mile-
stone, from which they measured all
the roads from Londinium to the
coast, and up to the great wall along
the Scottish border. Here, too, tradi-
tion has it they sunk their well,
and that well, unless tradition lies,
and tradition has a way of being de-
sperately accurate in such matters,
you may see to-day, if you can get
anyone to take you down into the
basement of the great Norman keep
which men call the White Tower.

It was the Normans who began to
make the Tower of London as we
know it. They saw the necessity of
controlling the passage of the Tham-
es at this point, and so, where the
Romans had sunk their well, the con-
queror sank the foundations of his
great fortress. It is likely enough
that in the centuries between the day
when the footfall of the last of the
legions faded away along Watling
street or Stane street, and the day
when the Conqueror marched in after
the great victory at Senlac, the Sax-
ons built some sort of a fortress here.
If they did, it was probably the usu-
al earth mound with a palisade of
stakes round its feet, and possibly a
wooden tower of some sort upon its
summit. The Normans themselves us-
ed these fortifications often enough,
after strengthening them somewhat,
but for the real purpose of permanent
occupation something more lasting
was required. So Duke William called
to his side that Gundulph, whom
he had made Bishop of Rochester.
Now Gundulph was a mighty man
with the trowel and measuring line
no less than with the crosier and the
crook, and not averse, it is hinted,
from substituting the great two-hand-
ed sword for either of them.

Anyway Gundulph was a mighty
builder, and began the great Norman
keep that hangs over the Medway,
near the junction with the Thames,
just outside the precincts of the old
cathedral close. But this great work
was the tower of London, not of
course the Tower as we see it to-day
with its mighty wards and quadrang-
les, and its chains of towers linked
together by vast walls, but just a
central keep, the Great White Tower,
with its walls fifteen feet thick and
its doorway raised above the height
of a scaling ladder, and above that
again, where the great armory is to-
day, the banqueting hall, with its
hollow walls, in which men of arms
could be hidden, and with its beauti-
ful Norman chapel of St. Peter's in
The Tower. Down in the depths of
all that mass of masonry which Gun-
dulph meant to defy, and which did
defy any battering rams that ever

could be or were brought against it,
lay the Roman well, and down there,
caged in, that Roman well still is,
and close by the old torture chamber,
where the racks and thumb screws
were kept, not as curiosities, but for
use, down to the time of and when
the Stewarts went finally out of Eng-
land. A dark and dismal enough crypt
it is, from which you mount up to
the chambers, which when they were
first planned were not much lighter,
and so on up to the leads between
the turrets, from which you look
down on London's river, rolling down
to the Nore, as it rolled when Caesar
came, and when Boadicea was Queen.
Then there was a great forest all
round, and the river poured along
through sedge and rushes. To-day, as
far as you can see there are roofs
and chimneys, chimneys climbing up
Highgate Hill, where the great oaks
once cast their acorns, chimneys sur-
ging over Hackney marshes where the
bitterns once made their nests, and
all along the line of the river a forest
not of trees but of masts, mile after
mile of them from London pool and
beyond, past Deptford, under the bank
of whose creek the little "Revenge"
lay, when Drake had brought her
home stuffed with Spanish gold, from
the Spanish Main, after that famous
voyage round the world, and beyond
that again to Woolwich, where the
Stewarts had their dock yards, and
where little Mr. Pepys came from the
navy office, by boat, on admirable
business, right down to Tilbury,
where Elizabeth went to meet Drake
and Effingham, when the Armada had
sailed.

The Tower was a great place in
those early days. It was the chief
fortress of the nation. The King
kept his court there, sometimes sum-
moned his parliament there, and al-
ways imprisoned his enemies there.
Gradually all round the White Tower
there grew up the Inner Ward, linked
together towers, little fortresses in
themselves, whose names have become
almost part of English history. Here
to-day as you enter the Inner Ward
you pass under the windows of the
Bloody Tower, and find yourself, in a
few seconds, before St. Thomas Tow-
er, better known as Traitor's Gate.
Through here the barges entered as
they came up and down the river,
sometimes with prisoners from West-
minster Hall, with the edge of an ax
turned towards them, sometimes with
kings and queens, back from hunting
in Windsor forest, or from hawking in
Greenwich Park. Every inch of the
ground is historical, and so right
round the whole circle of the towers,
and again out into the Outer Ward,
with its further huge radius of walls
and other towers, looking down into
the moat beyond, now a vast drill
ground for the Brigade of Guards,
and so across to the opposite bank
where the trees have taken root, and
to Tower Hill and the Mint beyond.

NEW METHOD EMPLOYED IN SHARPENING LAWN MOWERS

There are few places of business in
Sidney that do not from time to
time complain of things being dull,
but from what we can observe of
Williams' Boat Building and Machine
Shop, on the waterfront just at the
rear of the Review Office, the prop-
rietor has no particular cause for
complaint. If he has not a boat up
on the ways, Mr. C. F. Williams is
almost sure to be found employed on
one or other of the various gasoline
engines brought to him for repairs,
and when he catches up on this par-
ticular line of work there is almost
certain to be an automobile or bicycle
needing his urgent attention. Mr.
Williams is a busy man, yet now and
then he has a few spare moments and
these he devotes to thinking out prob-
lems in connection with his trade. Of
all these problems the proper sharp-

ening of lawn mowers has perhaps
given him the most trouble. He tried
the old way of using a file, then he
tried an experiment with an emery
wheel, but neither proved a complete
success, as it seemed to be impossi-
ble to get an absolutely even edge on
the knives. Finally he thought of a
scheme of making the lawn mower
sharpen itself—with the aid of course,
of his gasoline engine, a small driv-
ing belt and a little bit of emery
grease. The result obtained was cer-
tainly marvellous, but we do not
think Mr. Williams would thank us if
we were to give the secret any furth-
er publicity. However, a large num-
ber of the householders of this dis-
trict are at present bearing with pa-
tience the troubles of their lawn mow-
ers, and we would suggest that they
bring them down and have them put
in proper shape by Mr. Williams' new
method. You will have one of the
most pleasant surprises of your life.

LOUIS REIL'S SON A SNIPER

South Africa supplies the most won-
derful example of old enemies fighting
in defence of the Empire, but Canada
also provides some stray instances.
Private Patrick Reil is a descendant of
Louis Reil, and when he enlisted in
the 90th Winnipeg Rifles at the out-
break of the war, and was told by
one of his officers that his regiment
had done battle against his cousin
Louis at Fish Creek and Batoche, he
showed only a mild interest in this
trick of time. Before the war Reil
earned his daily bacon and tobacco as
a foreman of lumber jacks on the
Kaministiquia River. Now he is one
of the picked sharpshooters of the
regiment. The chosen band numbers
four, and, after the Red Indian way,
they record their victims by notches
on the butt of their rifles. The most
deadly sniper has 36 notches on his
tally and the others have at least got
into double figures. They use special
rifles, remodelled to suit their pecu-
liar and particular needs, and mounted
with a telescopic sight, and each man
goes about his grim task in his own
way without hurt or hinderance from
his officers.

A three line ad in the Review will
cost you 25 cents, and you get re-
sults.

Counter check books? Yes, every
business man requires them. The
Review has a splendid new line on
hand just now. Let us show them to
you and quote you prices. They are
cheaper than what you have been
buying before.

"You'll Like Our Clothes"—Redg.

Good Clothes Is Money Saved

IT WILL PAY YOU TO BUY YOUR CLOTHES FROM US. OUR
STOCK IS WELL SELECTED AS REGARDS TO MATERIALS
AND STYLES AND OUR PRICES WILL APPEAL TO YOU.

GOOD SUITS AT

\$15.00, \$20.00 and \$25.00

Saturday Special

TWENTY-FIVE FINE IMPORTED WORSTED SUITS, INCLUD-
ING BLUE SERGES, SPECIAL AT \$22.50

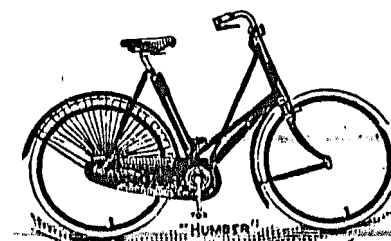
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SPECIAL OFFER.

For a short time we offer our
Ladies or Gents

'Rambler'

Bicycles for
\$35.00

SPECIAL EQUIPMENT AS
FOLLOWS:

Hercules Coaster Brake,
Dunlop Special or
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WE PAY THE FREIGHT.

Thomas Plimley's New Cycle Store

611 View St., Victoria, B. C.
Garage, 735 Johnson St.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

The Teachers Training Class meets to-night at 7.30.

Mrs. Evans, of Victoria, visited friends in Sidney last week.

Pte. F. C. Parks spent last week-end with his family at Allbay.

Miss Nicholson, of Victoria, paid a short visit to her parents at Allbay last Sunday.

The Misses Leigh, of Victoria, are spending a few days in Sidney the guests of Mrs. S. K. Halseth.

The regular meeting of the Board of Trade will be held next Tuesday evening in Mr. S. Roberts office.

The secretary of the local Red Cross branch reports a donation of \$5.00 received from Miss Mitchell this week.

Ptes. Emerson and Crofton, of Ganges Harbor, two well known athletes of Salt Spring Island, left on Tuesday with the 88th.

Miss Pierce came out from Victoria the latter part of last week to pay a short visit to Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Bodkin, Roberts Point.

Mr. William Noble, of Victoria, will occupy the pulpits of the North Saanich Methodist churches next Sunday in the absence of the pastor.

Rev. J. Wesley Miller and Mr. R. S. Griffin are in Vancouver this week attending the annual conference of the Methodist Church in British Columbia.

Miss Olive Kilpatrick and Miss Dorothy Clayton, both of St. Margarets School, Victoria, spent last week-end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. White.

The Methodist Sunday schools of Wesley Church and North Saanich are planning to hold their annual Sunday school picnic on Dominion Day, July 1st. Those interested are kindly requested to keep this date open.

The subject for sermon at St. Paul's Presbyterian church on Sunday evening will be "Lessons From Our Empire Day." A special invitation is extended to the public. The service begins prompt at 7 p.m.

A number of the Sidney men attached to the 88th Fusiliers spent last week-end in Sidney bidding farewell to friends and relatives. Among those were Privates A. Martin and C. Stutchbury and Corporals H. Hooton and Stewart.

Pte. Allan Deacon, of the C. M. R., was a spectator at the holiday sports yesterday. Pte. Deacon had the misfortune to meet with an accident while riding his bicycle last week, being run down with a motor car. As a result he is now carrying his left arm in a sling, but states that it is not at all serious.

Mr. and Mrs. Alan J. Campbell and family left Sidney on Tuesday for Calgary, from which point Mrs. Campbell with the children will proceed to the home of her parents at Woodstock, Ont., where she will visit for the summer. Mr. Campbell will return to Banff where he will join Mr. A. O. Wheeler and they will immediately take up their summer's work as surveyors.

The 88th Regiment sailed away to join His Majesty's Overseas Forces on Tuesday last. Of all the regiments that have left Victoria probably the 88th contained more North Saanich boys than any of those previously leaving for the front. Those leaving on Tuesday included Corporals H. Hooton and F. Hooton, Ptes. "Doc" Blason, H. G. Stewart, C. Stutchbury, Alex. Martin, Low Horth, Thomas Renouf, O. G. Clark and Desmond Clark. In addition Salt Spring Island sent quite a few among them being the two Lumbley boys, Bob and Jack.

Miss Grimmer, of Victoria, was the week-end guest of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Cochran.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Macdonald, of Vancouver, spent last week-end with Mr. Macdonald's sister, Mrs. J. G. Billings.

Sapper James Bryson recently took part in a minstrel and vaudeville show in Ottawa put on by his corps. Jim was on the programme twice and his song and song with chorus received favorable press notice. H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught was an interested and pleased spectator at the performance.

Among those who visited Victoria to bid farewell to relatives and friends leaving with the 88th Overseas Battalion were Mr. R. P. Horth, the Misses Nellie and Millie Horth, Mrs. Calvert, Mr. William Horth and Mr. Dick Horth, Mr. Sam Roberts, Mr. J. Brennan, Mr. and Mrs. J. Ormond, Mr. George Reid, Mrs. Young and Miss Bessie Nelson.

Mr. George McGregor, the reeve of the Saanich Municipality, will address the Sidney Literary Club on the subject of "Citizenship" at its regular meeting this evening. Mr. McGregor is a common-sense practical speaker, a sound business man and prominent in the affairs of his community, and every person who can spare the time should be out to-night to hear him at St. Paul's church at 8.15.

CARD OF THANKS.

The members of the Allies Chapter, I. O. D. E., take this opportunity of tendering their thanks to all those who helped in making the celebration of Empire Day a success.

EFFORTS APPRECIATED.

To the Editor of the Review.

Dear Sir,—I am sure the ladies of the I. O. D. E. are deserving of some thanks for the way they provided for the children on May 24th. I am sure young and old enjoyed the day.

Thanking the I. O. D. E. on behalf of myself and others, I remain, yours respectfully,

MRS. LOPHTIEN,
"Bayview," May 25, 1916.

ANGLICAN SERVICES.

May 28, 1916—Fifth Sunday after Easter.

11.00 a. m., Morning Prayer and Holy Communion at Holy Trinity.

3.00 p. m., Service at Institute.

7.00 p. m., Evening Prayer at St. Andrew's.

Thursday, June 1, 1916.

8.00 a. m., Holy Communion at St. Andrew's.

CELEBRATION ON EMPIRE DAY A BIG SUCCESS.

(Continued from page one.)

the future statesmen and politicians were ignominiously defeated by their fair competitors. The boys, however, claimed it was not a fair pull and considerable excitement prevailed for a time while an effort was being made for another try, but the man behind the magniphone caused a hush to fall on all by the announcement that Col. Layard would, on the request of the ladies of the Allies Chapter, proceed to give out the prizes for the sporting events. The children were instructed to seat themselves on the grass in front of the prize distributor who in a very neat but short address complimented and thanked the ladies on the success of their day's efforts, and at the same time gave the children a short history of how the day they were celebrating came into being. The day's performance then came to a close with three hearty cheers for the King and Empire and the Ladies of the Allies Chapter of North Saanich.

NOTES ON THE CELEBRATION.

The very handsome and artistically constructed rustic arch at the entrance

to the grounds was designed and constructed by Mrs. Kennedy, a member of the Allies Chapter. It was a piece of work that would do credit to a full-fledged architect, and the many complimentary remarks passed thereon during the afternoon showed clearly that the people of the district appreciated and admired a splendid piece of work.

Tea was served during the afternoon in a cottage just across the street from the grounds, and many took advantage of the opportunity to refresh themselves with a cup of tea or a dish of ice cream.

Two games that drew and held the attention of the crowd during the greater part of the afternoon were the "Aunt Sally" and "orange shy," and the visitors to these amusements took great pleasure in hitting the "little nigger babies" or knocking the orange off the tin can.

See
Bengough
The Great Car-
toonist
Berquist Hall
Monday
Evening Next

FOUND—A child's cloth hat on the grounds. Apply at the Review Office.

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623-5 Johnson St., between
Gov't and Broad, Victoria.

Fresh Arrivals This Week

A LARGE SHIPMENT OF
CHILDRENS' DRESSES,
MIDDIES AND SUITS

Two shipments of Women's and
Children's Untrimmed
Hats.

Panamas up from \$2.50

Leghorns up from \$5.00

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Children's Hats all prices.

See our display of Trimmed
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New Arrivals In Our Dry Goods Dept.

ALL OUR SUMMER GOODS ARE NOW IN AND READY FOR
YOUR INSPECTION.

FINE WHITE LAWNS, per yard 15c, 20 and 25c

FINE WHITE NAINSOOKS, per yard 15c and 20c

A FINE RANGE OF PRINTS selling at the old price 15c

CREPE CLOTHS at per yard, 15c, 20c and 25c

DRESS MUSLINS in different shades and prices.

VALENCEINES LACES and TORCHEON LACES—a wide range.

WHITE SEERSUCKER CLOTH, fine quality, per yard 25c

SHIRTING, nice patterns, from, per yard 15c

WOMEN'S SUMMER VESTS, fine quality, each 20c

SPECIAL SILKOLINE HOSERY, per pair 30c

MEN'S PANAMA HATS, a nice line, each \$5.50

HARVESTER'S HATS, each 20c

FINE STRAW HATS, each \$1.90

Our Hardware Stock

IS NOW WELL ASSORTED UP FOR YOUR REQUIREMENTS.
ALABASTINE, PAINTS, STAINS, PAINT BRUSHES, SCREEN
DOORS AND WINDOW SCREENS, LAWN MOWERS, GARDEN
HOSE, ETC.

LET US GET TOGETHER ON YOUR REQUIREMENTS. IF
WE HAVE NOT GOT EXACTLY WHAT YOU WANT WE ARE IN
TOUCH WITH WHOLESALE PEOPLE WHO HAVE AND WE
CAN SAVE YOU MONEY.

Groceries

DRONEDARY DATES, per package 15c

GRAPE JUICE 10 and 25c

APPLES, very nice stock, 4 pounds for 25c

BANANAS, per dozen 25 and 35c

ORANGES, 2 dozen for 25c

ORANGES, large sizes, per dozen 20c, 35c and 40c

EVAPORATED APRICOTS, very choice, per pound 15c

EVAPORATED PEACHES, 2 pounds for 25c

EVAPORATED PRUNES, per pound 10c and 12½c

EVAPORATED FIGS, per pound 10c and 12½c

EVAPORATED APPLES, per pound 12½c

SALT SPRING BUTTER, fresh every week direct from the cream-

ery, per pound 45c

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